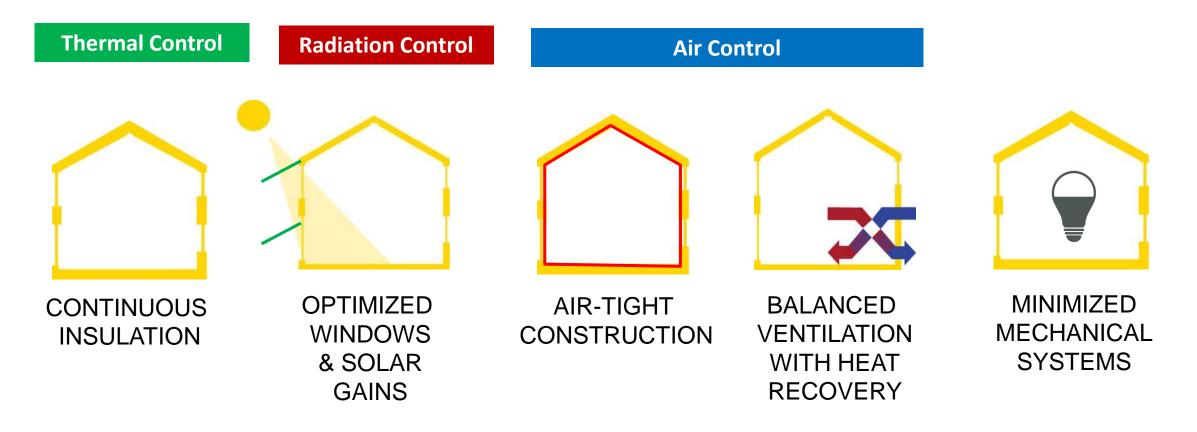
#### PHIUS+ SOURCE ZERO

© Passive House Institute US 2019



- Passive Building Principles
- Passive Building Standards Development
- PHIUS+ Source Zero Certification Requirements
- WUFI Passive modeling tool

## PASSIVE BUILDING PRINCIPLES

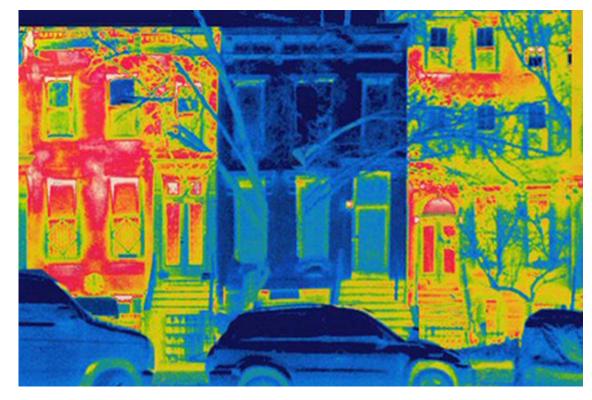


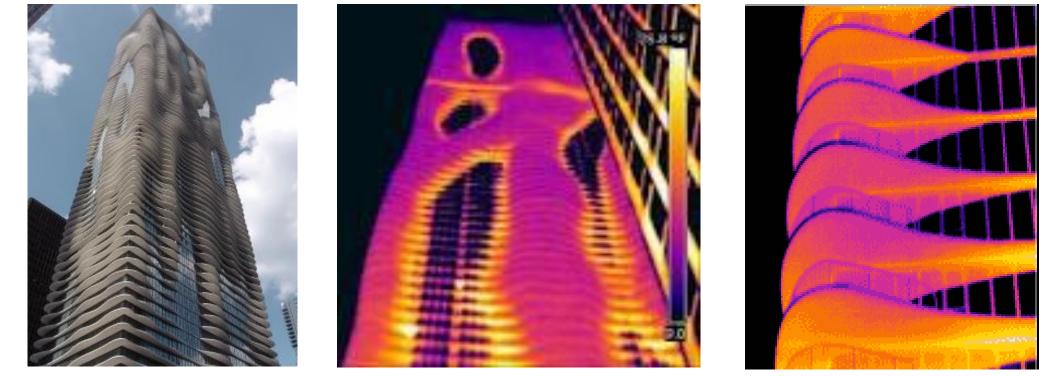
# PASSIVE BUILDING PRINCIPLES



### CONTINUOUS INSULATION







### MINIMIZE THERMAL BRIDGING

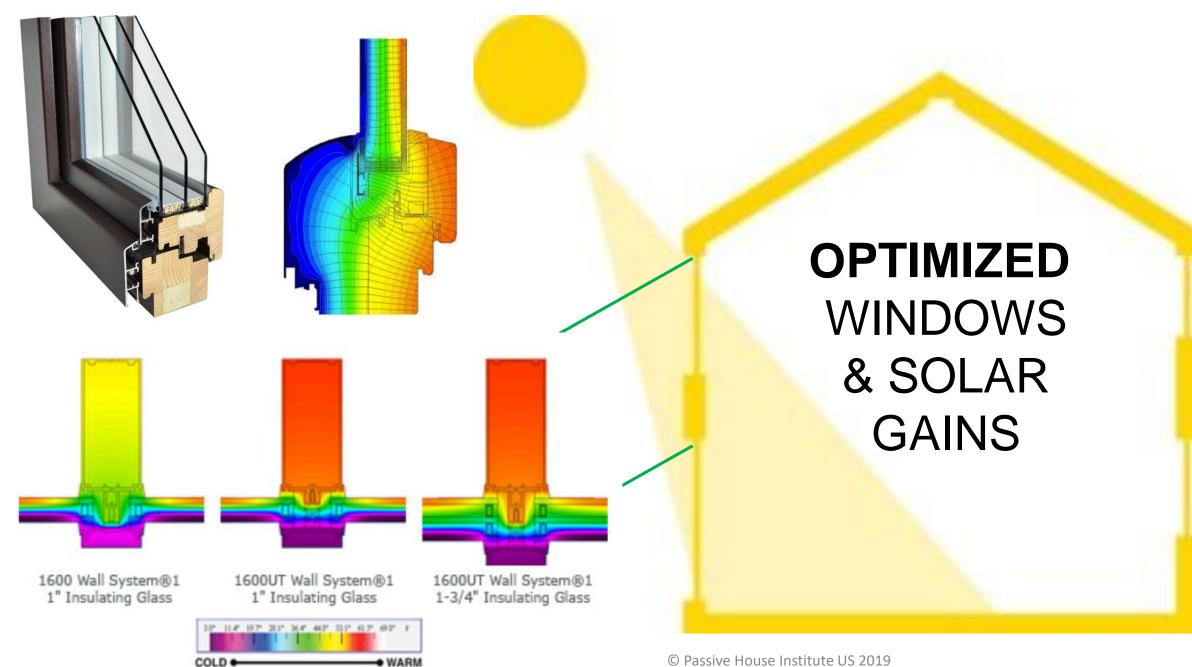


.... Institute US 2019

### AIR TIGHT CONSTRUCTION

PHIUS+ 2018 requirement is 5x lower than IECC 2015

© Passive House Institute US 2019



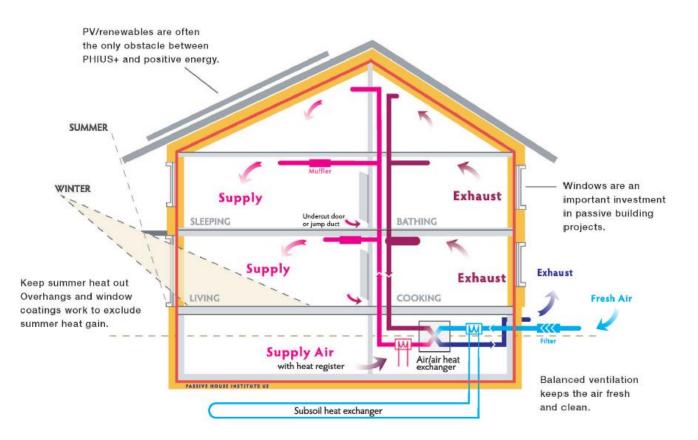
### BALANCED VENTILATION WITH HEAT RECOVERY



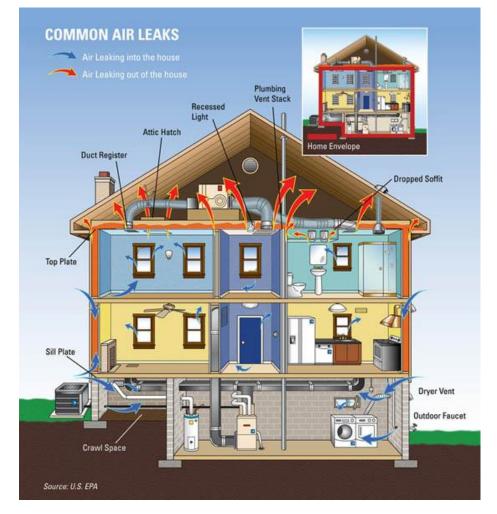


© Passive House Institute US 2019

### *Controlled* Ventilation vs



### Random Ventilation





### MINIMIZED, EFFICIENT MECHANICAL SYSTEMS





© Passive House Institute US 2019

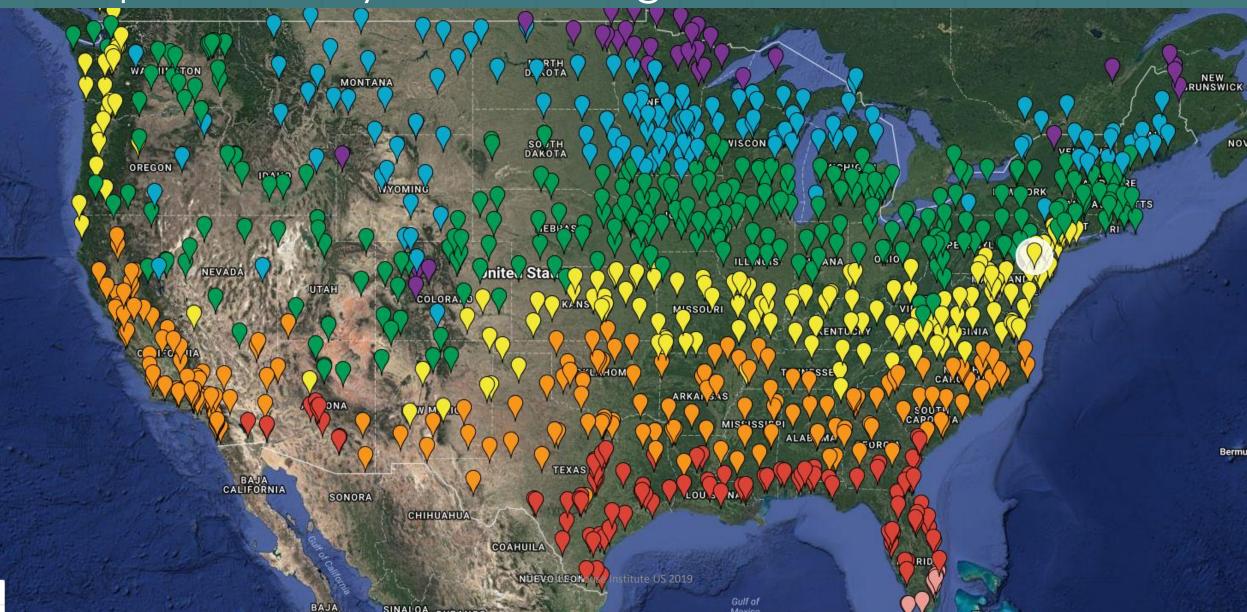
# How to quantify or set targets for investments in these passive measures?

PHIUS+2018

### A performance based passive building standard with prescriptive requirements.

PHIUS+ 2018 Space Conditioning Criteria Calculator v2				
METHOD:		CALCULATOR IMPERIAL (IP)		
UNITS:	IMPERIAL			
STATE / PROVINCE	ILLINOIS			
CITY	CHICAGO MIE	CHICAGO MIDWAY AP		
Envelope Area (ft²) / iCFA (ft²) 1.10	or enter here:			
iCFA (ft²) / person 405	or enter here:			
*Calculator method is used for official certification	-			
Annual Heating Demand	4.6	kBTU/ft²yr		
Annual Cooling Demand	5.7	kBTU/ft²yr		
Peak Heating Load	5.0	BTU/ft²hr		
Peak Cooling Load	2.6	BTU/ft <sup>2</sup> hr		
Typed entry will override sliding scale. The results of the CALCULATOR method tak method	e precedence over t	the ESTIMATOR		
memod.				

# TARGETS for 1000+ CLIMATES & sliding scale for occupant density and building size



# PHIUS+ SOURCE ZERO

Built upon PHIUS+, it is a *conservation-first* design methodology for Net-Zero buildings with quality assurance throughout design and construction.

## MAIN CERTIFICATION REQUIREMENTS





### SPACE CONDITIONING TARGETS

• Based on cost optimization analysis

• Vary based on climate, occupant density, and envelope/floor area ratio



#### **AIR-TIGHTNESS**

- 0.060 CFM50/ft<sup>2</sup> envelope area
- Required limit set based on building durability. Pass/Fail.



#### ON-SITE QUALITY ASSURANCE TESTING/INSPECTION

- Ensure quality for elements not reflected in energy modeling
- Required for all projects



#### NET SOURCE ENERGY TARGET

• Used instead of site energy as a better proxy for carbon emissions

• Target and renewable energy offsets vary based on program version



- Based on cost optimization analysis
- Vary based on climate, occupant density, and envelope/floor area ratio



#### **AIR-TIGHTNESS**

- 0.060 CFM50/ft<sup>2</sup> envelope area
- Required limit set based on building durability. Pass/Fail.



### ON-SITE QUALITY ASSURANCE TESTING/INSPECTION

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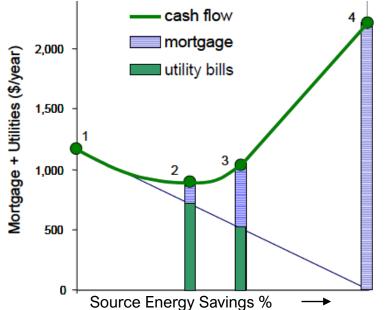
#### NET SOURCE ENERGY TARGET

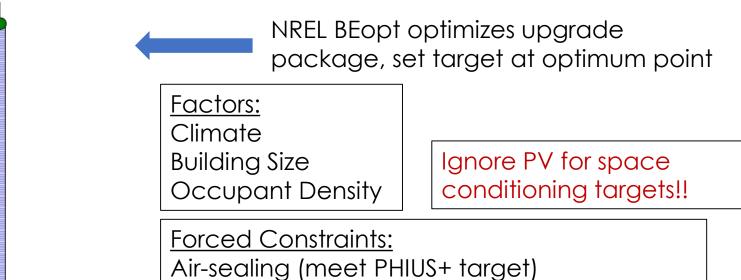
- Used instead of site energy as a better proxy for carbon emissions
- Target and renewable energy offsets vary based on program version

## How low can (and should) you go with passive measures, i.e. when to stop?

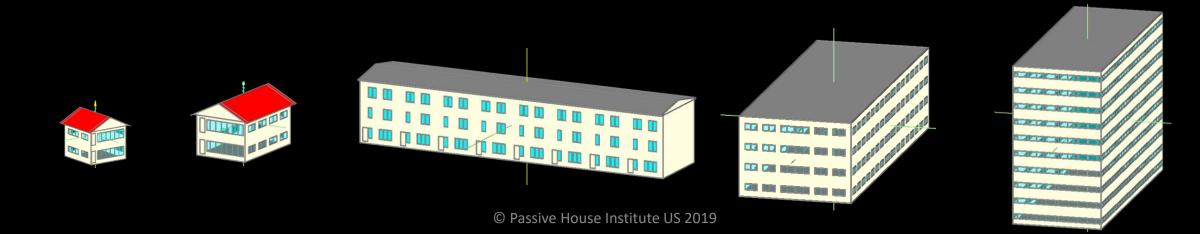
# TARGET SETTING METHODOLOGY

Setting Cost Competitive Space Conditioning Criteria

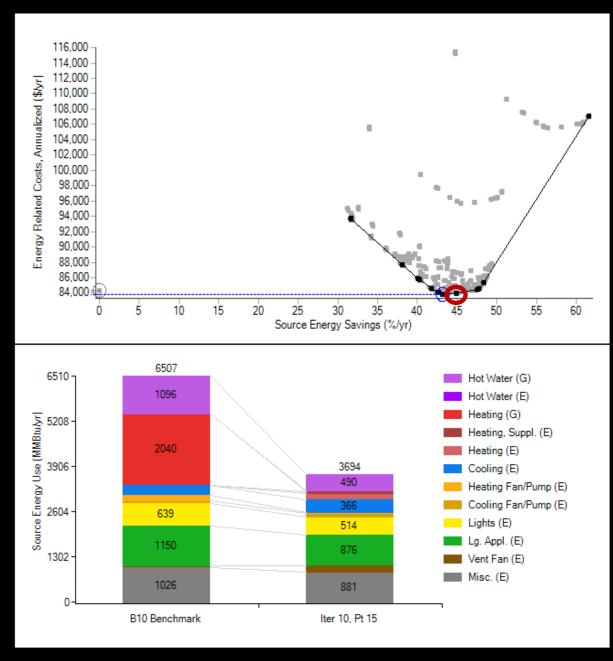




Window performance (comfort & low loads)

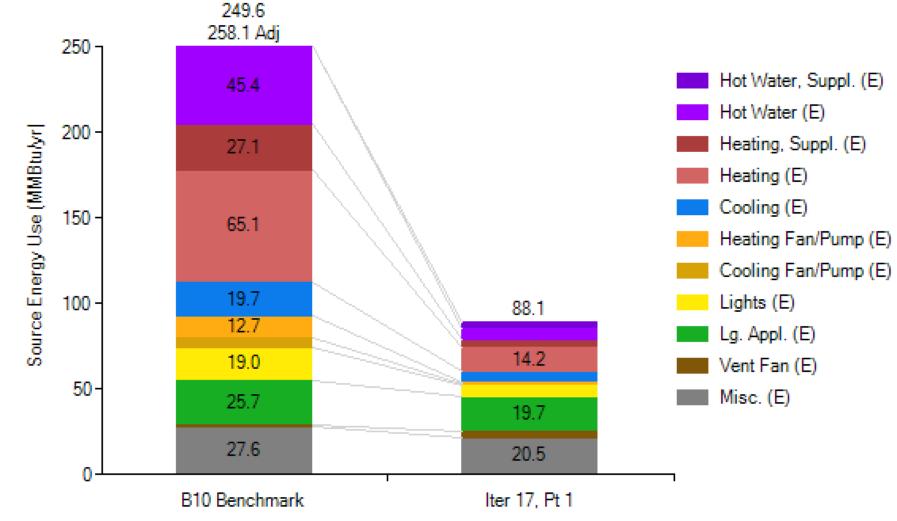


Cost optimal sweet-spot for investment in conservation



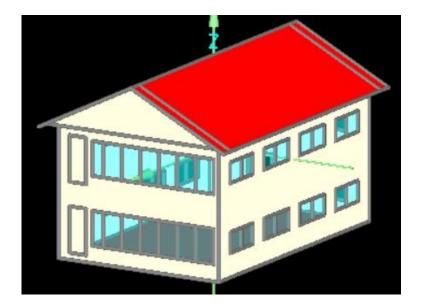


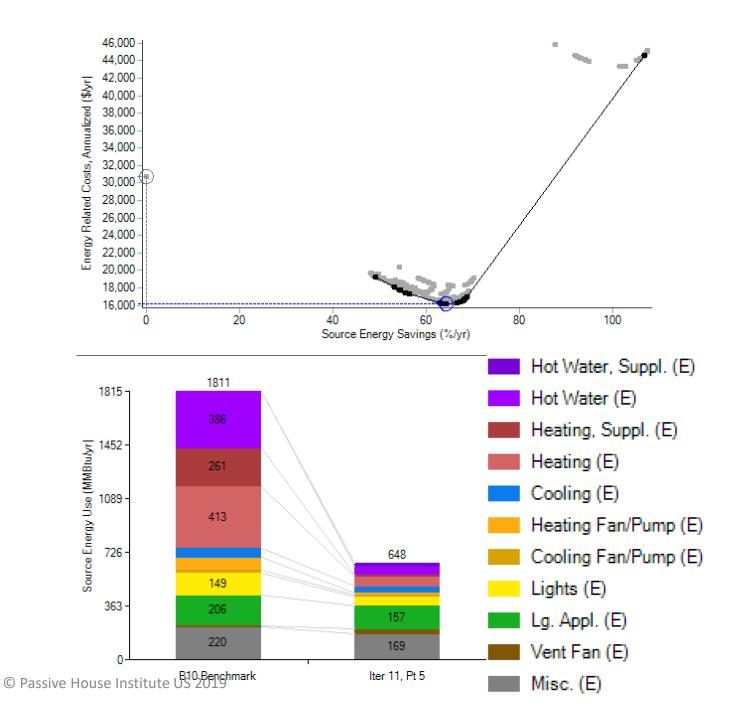
Single Family Typical Medium Occupancy Clarinda, IA , \$0.11/kWh



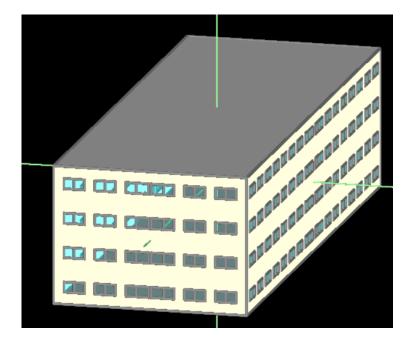
© Passive House Institute US 2019

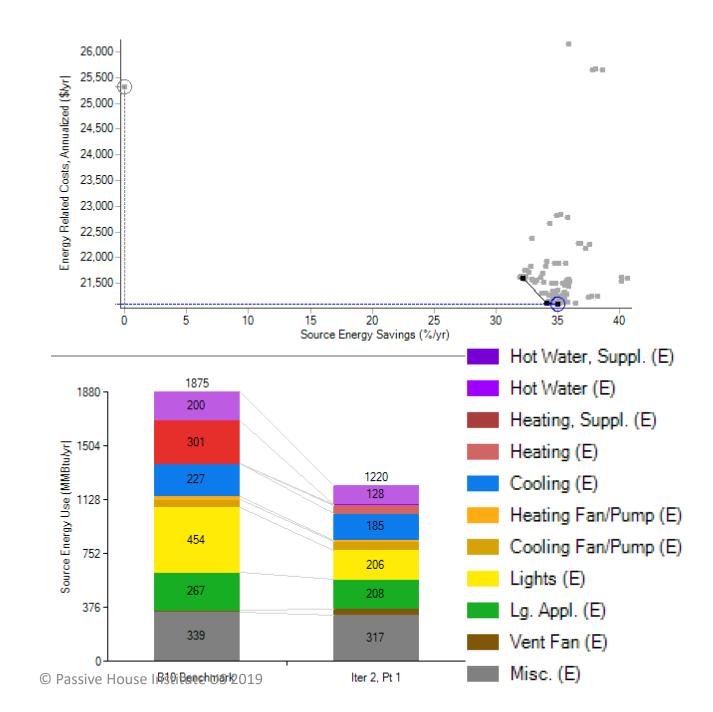
### Townhouse Medium-occupancy Chicago-Waukegan IL (5A)



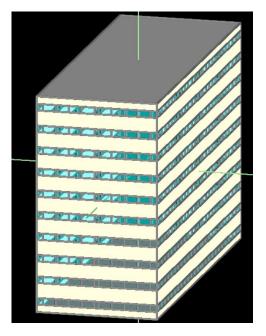


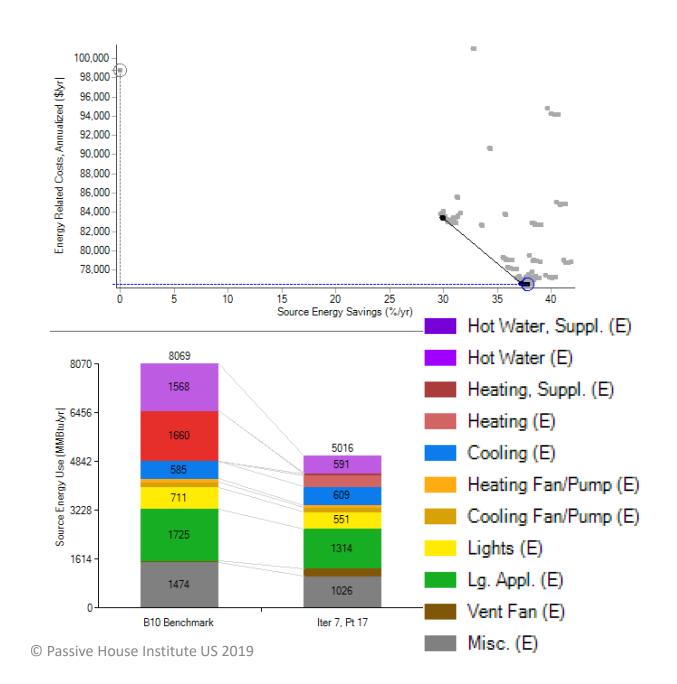
### Multifamily Mid-Rise Low Occupancy McAlester OK (Zone 3A)



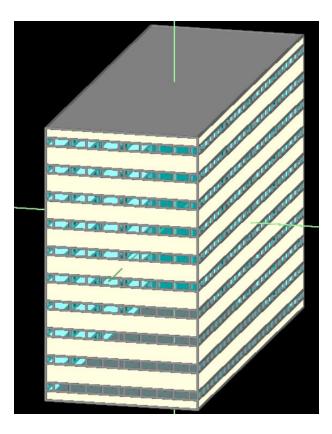


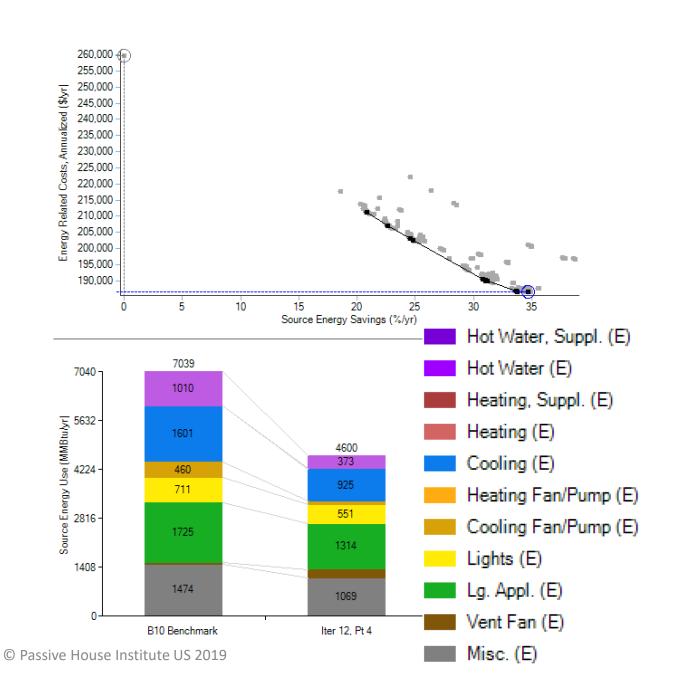
### MF High-rise High-occupancy Chariton, IA (5A)





### MF High-rise High-occupancy Molokai, HI

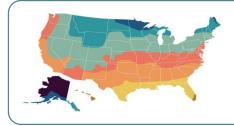






**Annual Demand [kBTU/yr.ft<sup>2</sup>]:** Total annual heat (or cooling) energy that must be delivered to the space in order to maintain a desired setpoint.

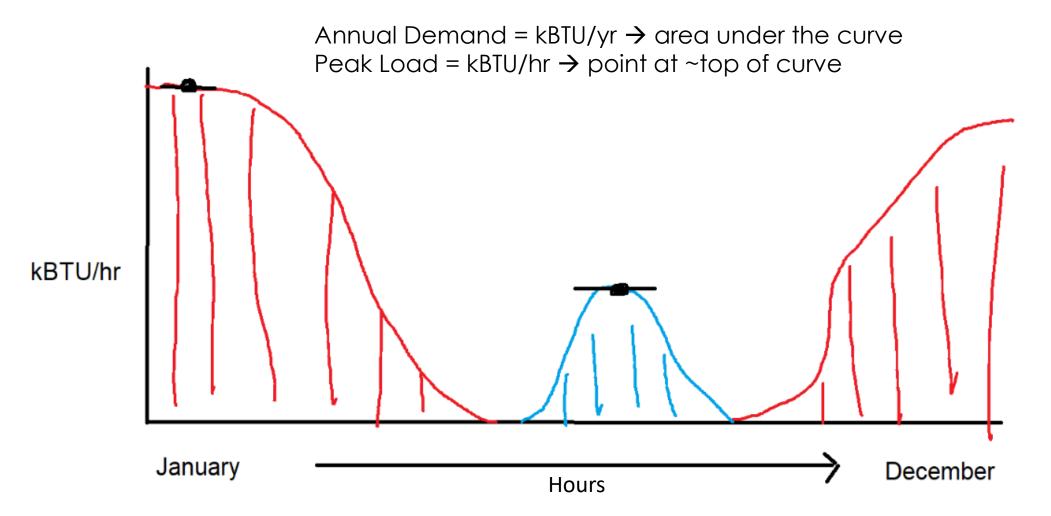
Annual Heating Demand  $\leq$  A (kBTU/ft<sup>2</sup>.yr) Annual Cooling Demand  $\leq$  B (kBTU/ft<sup>2</sup>.yr)



**Peak Load [BTU/hr.ft<sup>2</sup>]:** Space conditioning requirement during the peak climate conditions (average over the worst 24 hours). Determines the size of the mechanical system.

Peak Heating Load  $\leq$  C (BTU/ft<sup>2</sup>.hr) Peak Cooling Load  $\leq$  D (BTU/ft<sup>2</sup>.hr)







### **MUST MEET ALL 4**! Different advantages for each:

- Low annual demand saves energy and operating cost
- Low peak loads ensure comfort, resilience, and reduce mechanical system size

Annual Heating Demand  $\leq$  A (kBTU/ft2.yr)  $\checkmark$ Annual Cooling Demand  $\leq$  B (kBTU/ft2.yr)  $\checkmark$ Peak Heating Load  $\leq$  C (BTU/ft2.hr)  $\checkmark$ Peak Cooling Load  $\leq$  D (BTU/ft2.hr)  $\checkmark$ 



### Met with passive building strategies. Heating/cooling equipment efficiency does not influence result.

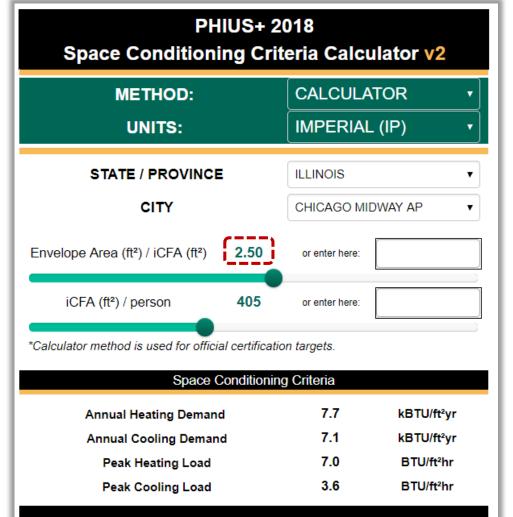
Annual Demand is <u>not</u> the same as site energy.

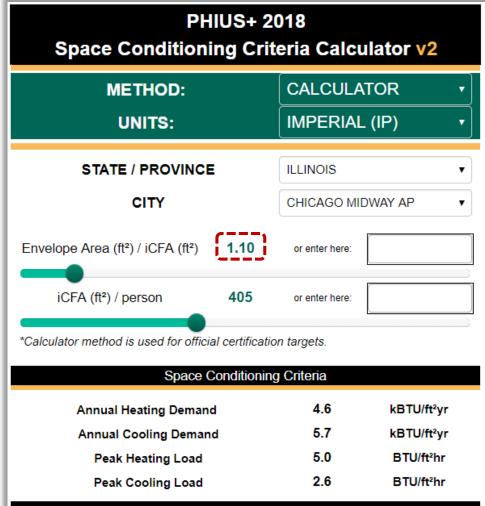
The heating/cooling site energy depends on the amount of heating/cooling that must be delivered to the space (annual demand) <u>and</u> the efficiency of the equipment delivering it.

The one piece of mechanical equipment that can influence the annual demand is the ERV or HRV, because it has a 'passive' recovery core, so the passive recovery efficiency matters.

### SPACE CONDITIONING TARGETS VARY BASED ON

### BUILDING SIZE AND OCCUPANT DENSITY





https://www.phius.org/phius-certification-for-buildings-products/project-certification/phius-2018-getting-to-zero

#### VARY BASED ON

### BUILDING SIZE AND OCCUPANT DENSITY

PHIUS+ 2018 Space Conditioning Criteria Calculator v2				
METHOD:				
UNITS:	IMPERIAL (IP)			
STATE / PROVINCE	ILLINOIS 🗸			
CITY	CHICAGO MIDWAY AP			
Envelope Area (ft²) / iCFA (ft²) 1.10	or enter here:			
iCFA (ft²) / person	or enter here:			
*Calculator method is used for official certification targets.				
Space Conditioning Criteria				
Annual Heating Demand	4.6 kBTU/f	t²yr		
Annual Cooling Demand	7.0 kBTU/f	t²yr		
Peak Heating Load	5.5 BTU/ft	²hr		
Peak Cooling Load	2.9 BTU/ft	²hr		

PHIUS+ 2018 Space Conditioning Criteria Calculator v2					
METHOD:					
UNITS:	IMPERIAL (IP)				
STATE / PROVINCE	ILLINOIS 🔻				
СІТҮ	CHICAGO MIDWAY AP				
Envelope Area (ft²) / iCFA (ft²) 1.10	or enter here:				
iCFA (ft²) / person	or enter here:				
*Calculator method is used for official certification targets.					
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Annual Heating Demand	4.6	kBTU/ft²yr			
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Peak Heating Load	4.9	BTU/ft²hr			
Peak Cooling Load	2.6	BTU/ft <sup>2</sup> hr			

What is an acceptable level of airtightness, based on building durability?



- Based on cost optimization analysis
- Vary based on climate, occupant density, and envelope/floor area ratio

### AIR-TIGHTNESS

- 0.060 CFM50/ft<sup>2</sup> envelope area
- Required limit set based on building durability. Pass/Fail.



0

### ON-SITE QUALITY ASSURANCE TESTING/INSPECTION

- Ensure quality for elements not reflected in energy modeling
- Required for all projects



#### NET SOURCE ENERGY TARGET

- Used instead of site energy as a better proxy for carbon emissions
- Target and renewable energy offsets vary based on program version



### **AIR-TIGHTNESS**

Passing test results (pressurization & depressurization) required for certification.

 $0.060^* CFM_{50}/ft^2$  envelope area  $0.080 CFM_{75}/ft^2$  envelope area

\*For buildings 5+ stories of non-combustible construction 0.080 CFM<sub>50</sub>/ft<sup>2</sup>envelope or 0.110 CFM<sub>75</sub>/ft<sup>2</sup>envelope.

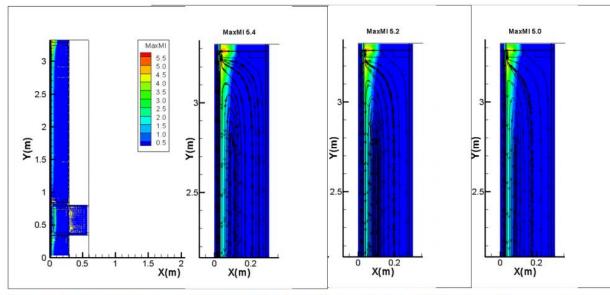
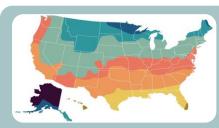


Figure 10. Predicted Mold Index at air tightness ratings 0.01, 0.02 and 0.04 cfm/sqft (left to right). Whole assembly for maximum mold index. Houston, TX. © Passive House Institute US 2019

### What are the other, quality-related items that are valuable, but don't show up in the energy model?

VARIES



### SPACE CONDITIONING TARGETS

- Based on cost optimization analysis
- Vary based on climate, occupant density, and envelope/floor area ratio



### **AIR-TIGHTNESS**

- 0.060 CFM50/ft<sup>2</sup> envelope area
- Required limit set based on building durability. Pass/Fail.



### ON-SITE QUALITY ASSURANCE TESTING/INSPECTION

- Ensure quality for elements not reflected in energy modeling
- Required for all projects



### NET SOURCE ENERGY TARGET

- Used instead of site energy as a better proxy for carbon emissions
- Target and renewable energy offsets vary based on program version



### ON-SITE QUALITY ASSURANCE TESTING/INSPECTION

- Built on US recognized systems (DOE, EPA IAP, RESNET)
- 3<sup>rd</sup> Party inspection process
- Multiple site visits
- Blower door testing
- Ventilation system balancing/commissioning
- Insulation inspection

Critical for success. Provides assurance that the built product is what was planned.



# **DOE HIGH PE STAIRCASE**

**IECC 2009** Enclosure

> HERS 85-90

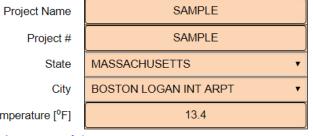
> > IECC 2009

KFUI	RMAN	CE			Source Zero Renew- able Energy System
				Balanced Ventilation HRV/ERV	Balanced Ventilation HRV/ERV
			SOLAR READY Depends on climate	SOLAR READY ALWAYS	SOLAR READY ALWAYS
			Eff. Comps. & H2O Distrib	Eff. Comps. & H <sub>2</sub> O Distrib	Eff. Comps. & H <sub>2</sub> O Distrib
			EPA Indoor airPLUS	EPA Indoor airPLUS	EPA Indoor airPLUS
			Ducts in Condit. Space	Ducts in Condit. Space	Ducts in Condit. Space
	HVAC QI w/WHV	HVAC QI w/WHV	HVAC QI w/WHV	Micro-load HVAC QI	Micro-load HVAC QI
	Water Management	Water Management	Water Management	Water Management	Water Management
	Independent Verification	Independent Verification	Independent Verification	Independent Verification	Independent Verification
IECC 2012 Enclosure	IECC 2009 Enclosure	IECC 2012 Enclosure	IECC 2012/15 Encl./ES Win.	Ultra-Efficient Enclosure	Ultra-Efficient Enclosure
HERS <b>70-80</b>	HERS <b>65-75</b>	HERS <b>55-65</b>	HERS <b>48-55</b>	HERS <b>35-45</b>	HERS <b>&lt; 0</b>
IECC 2012	ENERGY STAR v3	ENERGY STAR v3.1	ZERH	PHIUS PHIUS+	<b>±C</b> PHIUS+ SourceZero

# **OTHER REQUIREMENTS**



#### PHIUS WINDOW COMFORT & CONDENSATION RISK ASSESSMENT



ASHRAE 99% Design Temperature [°F]

http://ashrae-meteo.info/

#### **CONDENSATION RISK**

#### ISO 13788 Calculation for Low Thermal Inertia Elements

Is this a Heating Climate?	TRUE •
Use simple method for indoor humidity?	TRUE 🔻
High occupancy?	TRUE •
U-value of window frame/glass [BTU/hr.ft <sup>2</sup> .F]	0.4
Safety Factor	15% 🔹
Interior Surface Temperature of window frame/glass [°F]	49.4
Risk of condensation on interior surface acceptable?	YES
Critical fRsi	0.64
Critical Month	JAN
Critical CRF Rating	64

#### PHIUS+ Climate Data

Month	Jan	Feb	Mar	Apr	May	Jun	Jul	Aug	Sep	Oct	Nov	Dec
Ambient Temp (°F)	26.6	31.1	38.8	47.5	58.8	66.0	74.1	71.1	64.6	54.0	43.3	36.0
Dewpoint (°F)	13.8	17.4	24.6	35.1	47.1	54.1	60.6	61.0	53.2	41.7	33.4	23.0

#### COMFORT REQUIREMENTS

Applies to all projects.

Windows >10' in height and above have the same required U-value.

Window Vertical Height (ft) - Use slider Required Whole Window U-value [BTU/hr.ft<sup>2</sup>.F] 7.0 0.24

# **OTHER REQUIREMENTS**

# **Moisture Control in Assemblies**

### Two options for compliance:

- 1. Follow prescriptive requirements
- 2. Pass by simulation in WUFI Pro

#### Appendix B – Moisture Control Guidelines

Excerpted from Straube (2012). [42]

### 3.4.1 Vapor Control Recommendations

Different types of assemblies have different vapor control requirements. Although the requirements can be developed through rational engineering analysis, a simplified summary of recommendations, many from the "I" codes, is presented below.

# When to stop with conservation and turn to renewables to offset Source Energy?

VARIES



### SPACE CONDITIONING TARGETS

- Based on cost optimization analysis
- Vary based on climate, occupant density, and envelope/floor area ratio



### **AIR-TIGHTNESS**

- 0.060 CFM50/ft<sup>2</sup> envelope area
- Required limit set based on building durability. Pass/Fail.



### ON-SITE QUALITY ASSURANCE TESTING/INSPECTION

- Ensure quality for elements not reflected in energy modeling
- Required for all projects



### NET SOURCE ENERGY TARGET

- Used instead of site energy as a better proxy for carbon emissions
- Target and renewable energy offsets vary based on program version

# **TERMINOLOGY** Site Energy & Source Energy

# Site Energy [kWh/person.yr] OR [kBTU/yr.ft<sup>2</sup>]: Total energy

consumed over the course of the year, including space conditioning, hot water, plug loads, lighting, appliances, systems, etc. (Excludes electrical vehicle charging energy, and lighting energy specific to vehicle parking areas)

\*No requirement for PHIUS+ Certification

# Source Energy [kWh/person.yr] OR [kBTU/yr.ft<sup>2</sup>]: Site energy

as described above, multiplied by the source/primary energy factor for the specific fuel type used.

Ex: Electricity has a PE factor of 2.8 kWh/kWh (energy intensity at the source vs use on site)

# **SOURCE ENERGY** PHIUS+ 2018 limit based on:

# "Fair share" of CO<sub>2</sub> emissions budget in order to avoid global warming by 2°C.

# Tapers to '0' by 2050 at the latest.

# SOURCE ENERGY BUDGET Varies by building type

### **Residential:**

Per person limit <u>PHIUS+ Core</u>: 5500 kWh/person.yr <u>PHIUS+ 2018</u>: 3840 kWh/person.yr <u>PHIUS+ Source Zero</u>: 0 kWh/person.yr



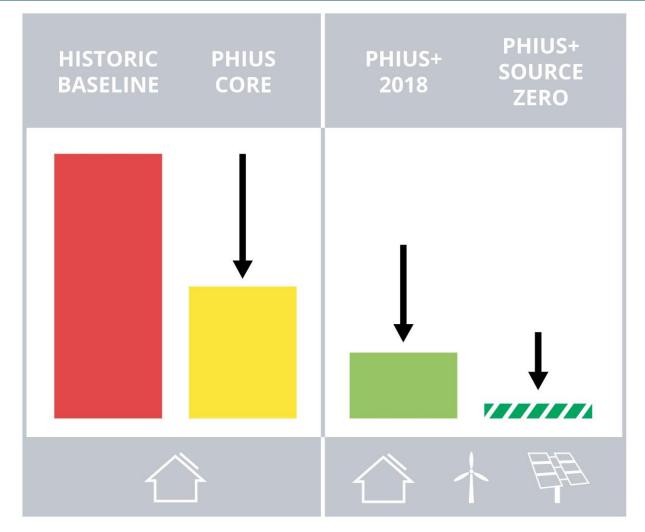
### Commercial/Non-residential:

Per square foot limit \*Additional allowance for process loads on case-by-case basis

<u>PHIUS+ Core:</u> 38.0 kBTU/ft<sup>2</sup>.yr <u>PHIUS+ 2018</u>: 34.8 kBTU/ft<sup>2</sup>.yr <u>PHIUS+ Source Zero</u>: 0 kBTU/ft<sup>2</sup>.yr

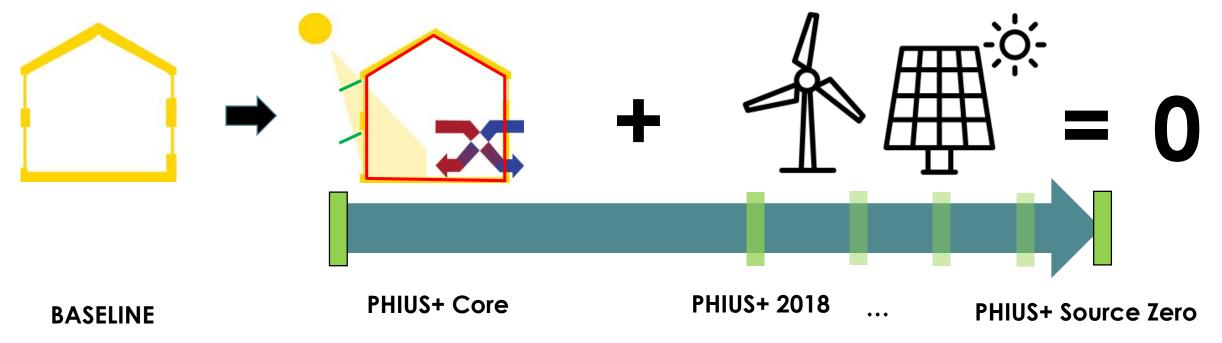


## NET SOURCE ENERGY



# **NET SOURCE ENERGY GOALS**

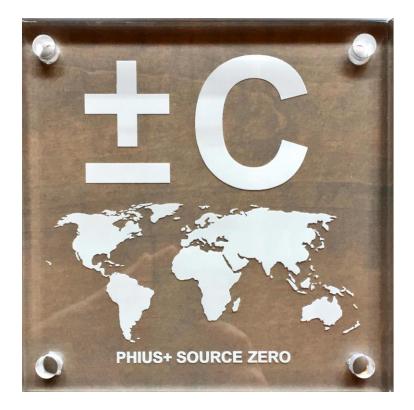
PHIUS+ Core: Targeting the sweet spot for on-site conservation
PHIUS+ 2018: Reduced target, on the "fair share" glide-path to zero by 2030.
PHIUS+ Source Zero: Targeting annual net zero operational energy



# PHIUS+ SOURCE ZERO

Building must generate as much energy as it uses on an annual, source-energy basis.

Net Source Energy Target: 0!



For an all electric building  $\rightarrow$  Site Zero = Source Zero

# **SOURCE ENERGY OFFSETS**

For PHIUS+ 2018 and PHIUS+ Source Zero, all of the following renewables are recognized as offsets:

Туре	Offset Factor $(C_{RE})^*$			
On-Site Photovoltaic Array	1			
Directly Owned Off-Site Renewable	1			
Community Renewable Energy	1			
Virtual Power Purchase Agreements (PPA)	1			
Green-E Certified Renewable Energy Certificates (RECs)	0.2			

\*1 kWh of renewable energy generated offsets **2.8** kWh/**1.96** (US/Canada) at the source when the offset factor is 1.

# **SOURCE ENERGY OFFSETS**

Additional provisos:

For PPAs, Community RE, and RECs, the building owner must present an actual contract to purchase sufficient RE to meet the (current-year) net source energy target for 20 years.

For onsite renewables or directly-owned off-site, RECs may not be sold off but must be retained/retired.

Where the building owner does not have ownership of the RECs associated with the on-site RE system, owner must obtain and retire equivalent RECs.

# **CERTIFICATION PROCESS**

#### TWO PART CERTIFICATION

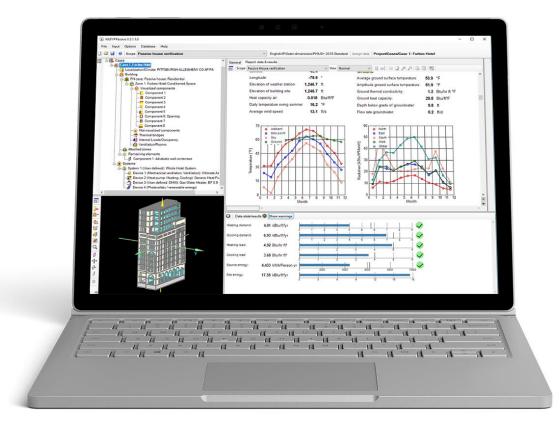
### PRE-CERTIFICATION: Design Stage Review

- CPHC Submits project
- Review completed by PHIUS
- Back-and-forth feedback process

# FINAL CERTIFICATION: On-Site Inspection

- Inspection completed by 3<sup>rd</sup> Party (PHIUS+ Rater/Verifier)
- Review of documents completed by PHIUS
- True-up final energy model to match "as-built"

# PERFORMANCE BASED ON MODELED USE







🕼 WUFI®Passive V.3.1.1.0 D:\Dropbox (PHIUS)\1468 - Tierra Linda\0. Energy Model\20170830.mwp

File Input Options Database Help	
🗋 💣 🛃 🕘 Scope Passive house verification 🗸 🗸	English/IP/Outer dimensions/PHIUS+ 2015 Standard Assign data Project/Cases/Case 1: 6 Flat - PHIUS+ 2015
Hand Project	General Report data & results
	📑 Scope Passive House Site Energy Report 🗸 View Normal 🗸 🗈 🕞 🕞 🖓 🏂 🗟 🕎
⊟	
En Trease. Trease induse. Residential	3,631.9
i with the building in the bu	
Component 1	45000 - 2,788.7
Component 2	
Component 3	
Component 4: (SOUTH, Floor 2, Fixed)	Space heating
Component 5: (SOUTH, Floor 1, Fixed)	
Component 6: (SOUTH, Floor 1, Casement)	19,001.4 Space cooling
	Hot water
	호 골 30000 – Auxiliary energy/fans
Component 11: (NORTH, Floor 1, Fixed)	2,812.1 Lighting
🛅 Component 13: (NORTH, Floor 3, Casement)	Miscellaneous loads
🛅 Component 14: (EAST, Floor 1, Casement)	10,667.1 Renewable electricity production
	15000 -
Component 16: (EAST, Floor 3, Casement)	
	3,319
T Component 18: (EAST, Floor 3, Fixed)	0,010
Component 19: (EAST, Floor 1, Fixed	
Component 20: (WEST, Floor 3, Casement)	9,234
Component 21: (WEST, Floor 1, Casement)	
Component 22: (WEST, Floor 3, Fixed)	
< >>	Not renewable Renewable
	Image: State and the state of the state
	Heating demand: 4.32 kBtu/ft²yr
45	Cooling demand: 3.46 kBtu/ft <sup>2</sup> yr
	Heating load: 4.8 Btu/hr ft <sup>2</sup>
	Cooling load: 2.42 Btu/hr ft <sup>2</sup>
	Source energy: 5,144 kWh/Person yr
	Site energy:         20.43 kBtu/ft²yr
	0 4.17 8.33 12.5 16.67 20.83 25
C Passive Ho	House Institute US 2019



**WUFI Passive Calculation Methodology** 



PHIUS CPHC Training © 2019 | Study Guide 10



### WUFI Passive as a Design Tool

### Inputs:

- Climate
- Building Geometry
- Heating/Cooling Set-points
- Air-tightness
- Foundation Interface
- Thermal Mass
- Opaque Components
- Transparent Components
- Shading Numerical or in 3-D Visualization
- Internal Loads

- Thermal Bridges
- Ventilation Natural & Mechanical
- Balanced Ventilation Recovery Efficiency
- Ventilation Fan Power\*
- Heating System Efficiency\*
- Cooling System Efficiency\*
- Hot Water Distribution\*
- Hot Water System Efficiency\*

\*Do not influence Space Conditioning Demands or Peak Loads



### Meeting PHIUS+ Source Zero Performance Targets: Order of operations

**Step 1:** Apply passive building strategies to design to meet space conditioning targets

**Step 2:** Apply other conservation measures such as equipment efficiency, improved appliances, etc. to meet the PHIUS+ Core Source Energy target

**Step 3:** Apply on or off-site renewable energy to meet PHIUS+ Source Zero.



### **WUFI Passive Resources:**

PHIUS+ Certification Guidebook: <a href="https://www.phius.org/PHIUS+2018/PHIUS+%20Certification%20Guidebook%20v2.1.pdf">https://www.phius.org/PHIUS+2018/PHIUS+%20Certification%20Guidebook%20v2.1.pdf</a>

PHIUS Sample Project: <u>https://www.phius.org/software-resources/wufi-passive-and-other-modeling-tools/sample-project-single-family</u>

WUFI Passive Tutorials: <u>https://www.phius.org/phius-certification-for-buildings-products/wufi-passive-tutorials</u>

WUFI-wiki:

https://www.wufi-wiki.com/mediawiki/index.php/Hauptseite

### 93% Modeled vs Actual

